SAVE YOUR POULTRY FROM COCCIDIOSIS



WE-COX

POTENT SOLUTION TO COCCIDIOSIS CONTROL

Coccidiosis is a common protozoan disease in domestic birds and other fowl, characterized by enteritis and bloody diarrhea. The intestinal tract is affected, with the exception of the renal coccidiosis in geese. Clinically, bloody faeces, ruffled feathers, anemia, reduced head size and somnolence are observed. Coccidiosis is the leading disease in poultry, costing the industry an estimated 10-15 billion USD annually.

We-Cox is used as additives in feed and as veterinary drugs for the prevention and treatment of coccidiosis in poultry. The economic damage caused by coccidiosis in modern poultry production is so serious that practically all poultry farms have resorted to feeding anticoccidial drugs as a feed additive to pullets and broiler breeders for 12 to 16 weeks and to broiler chickens for almost their entire life.



Parasite factor

Species present Number

Environmental factors

- → Hygiene
- → Sporulation conditions: temperature/humidity/oxygen
- → Climate

Host factors

- → Age
- → Immune status/concurrent infection
- → Genetics
- → Stress factors, such as weaning and diet change

Interaction of factors that promote coccidia outbreaks.

A product of:

WE CARE ANIMAL HEALTH





ISO 9001:2015 & GMP Certified Company

enquiry@wecareah.com www.wecareah.com

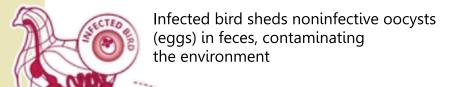






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Oocysts sporulate and become infective

Oocysts hatch and invade intestinal tissue, causing damage, and creating more oocysts

Other birds ingest infective oocysts while drinking / eating

Composition:

Amprolium HCL I.P. Vet. 20.0% w/w, Sulphaquinoxaline I.P. Vet. 12.0% w/w, Ethopabate I.P. Vet. 1.0% w/w, Pyrimethamine I.P. Vet. 1.0% w/w

Dosage for Poultry:

For 100 Birds: 30 g in 25l of water for usual and mild outbreaks

Duration of Treatment:

5 to 7 Days

Shelf Life:

24 months from the date of maunfacturing

Presentation:

250 g, 500 g & 1 kg pack

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